

Document No: XC14T0070-8

Lithium Ion Battery Test Summary

(a) Model Number SSL-JVC75

(b) Product manufacturer IDX Company, Ltd.

Address 6-28-11 Shukugawara, Tama-ku, Kawasaki-shi,

Kanagawa-ken, 214-0021, Japan

Telephone +81-44-850-8801
e-mail idx.japan@idx.tv
URL https://www.idx.tv/

(c) Test laboratory SANYO Electric Co., Ltd

Address 222-1 Kaminaizen, Sumoto City, Hyogo 656-8555, Japan

Telephone +81-799-23-3931

e-mail prb-bp-ta@ml.jp.panasonic.com

URL https://industrial.panasonic.com/ww/products/batteries/

(d) Identification number E1929147

(e) Date of test report December 18, 2019

(f) Description of Product Lithium ion Rechargeable Battery

Nominal Voltage 7.4V

Capacity(mAh/Wh) 7350mAh/55Wh

Lithium equivalent content 4.41g Mass 350g

Physical description Battery with outer case

(g) Test Result

No.	Test Item	Test Results	Note	
T1	Altitude Simulation	Pass	First cycle fully charged 4 batteries	After 50 cycle fully charged 4 batteries
T2	Thermal Test	Pass		
Т3	Vibration	Pass		
T4	Shock	Pass		
T5	External Short Circuit	Pass		
T6	Crush	Pass	First cycle 50% charged 5 cells	
Т7	Overcharge	Pass	First cycle fully	After 50 cycle fully
			charged 4 batteries	charged 4 batteries
Т8	Forced Discharge	Pass	First cycle fully	After 50 cycle, fully
			discharged 10 cells	discharged 10 cells

(h) Assembled Battery Testing Requirements

N/A.

(i) Reference edition

UN Manual of Tests and Criteria,

ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.6 Part III, sub-section38.3

(j) Signature

Masahiro. Toya, General Manager

Research and Development Division

IDX Company, Ltd.

Issued: January 1, 2023

No. XC11T0278-27

SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR PRODUCT

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

- Product Name : Lithium Ion Rechargeable Battery Pack

- Product code: IPL-150, IPL-98, DUO-C198, DUO-C150, DUO-C98, DUO-C190,

DUO-C95, DUO-150, DUO-95, CUE-D300, CUE-D150, CUE-D95,

CUE-D75, E-HL10DS, SB-U98, SB-U50, SL-F70, SL-F50,

SL-VBD96, SL-VBD64, SSL-JVC75, SSL-JVC50,

NP-9X, SB-U98/PD, SB-U50/PD

- Company Name : IDX Company, Ltd.

- Address : 6-28-11 Shukugawara, Tama-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa-ken,

214-0021 Japan

- Telephone number : +81-44-850-8801

- FAX number : +81-44-850-8838

- Emergency Telephone Number : +81-44-850-8831 (Technical Development. Direct)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

For cell

For the battery cell, chemical materials are stored in a hermetically sealed metal or metal laminated plastic case, designed to withstand temperatures and pressures encountered during normal use. As a result, during normal use, there is no physical danger of ignition or explosion and chemical danger of hazardous materials' leakage.

However, if exposed to a fire, added mechanical shocks, decomposed, added electric stress by miss-use, the gas release vent will be operated. The battery cell case will be breached at the extreme, hazardous materials may be released.

Moreover, if heated strongly by the surrounding fire, acrid gas may be emitted.

- GHS Classification : Not available

(This products is outside the scope of GHS system since it's considered as an "article".)

- Most important hazard and effects

Human health effects:

- Inhalation : The steam of the electrolyte has an anesthesia action and stimulates a

respiratory tract.

- Skin contact : The steam of the electrolyte stimulates a skin. The electrolyte skin contact

causes a sore and stimulation on the skin.

- Eye contact : The steam of the electrolyte stimulates eyes. The electrolyte eye contact

causes a sore and stimulation on the eye. Especially, substance that

causes a strong inflammation of the eyes is contained.

Environmental effects: Since a battery pack remains in the environment, do not throw out it into

the environment.

- Specific hazards:

If the electrolyte contacts with water, it will generate detrimental hydrogen fluoride.

Since the leaked electrolyte is inflammable liquid, do not bring close to fire.

For molding case

According to GHS Classification

- Classification : Not Classification

- Possible hazards : No specific dangers known

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

For cell

- Substance or preparation : Preparation

- Information about the chemical nature of product:*1

Portion	Material name	Concentration range (wt %)
Positive electrode	Lithium transition metal oxidate (Li[M]m[O]n *2)	20~60
Positive electrode's base	Aluminum	1~10



Negative electrode	Carbon	10~30
Negative electrode's base	Copper	1~15
Electrolyte	Ethyl methyl carbonate Diethyl carbonate Ethylene carbonate Lithium hexafluorophosphate	5~25
Outer case Aluminum, Iron, aluminum laminated plastic		1~30

^{*1} Not every product includes all of these materials.

For molding case

- Chemical Name: Polycarbonate based on bisphenol A

- Composition: Polycarbonate more than 81 wt%(CAS No.25971-63-5)

Flame Retardant less than 12 wt%

Elastomer less than 7 wt%

- Chemical Formula : [-0-C6H4-C(CH3)2-C6H4-0-CO-]n-

- CAS Registry No. : 25971-63-5

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

For cell

Spilled internal cell materials

- Inhalation : Make the victim blow his/her nose, gargle. Seek medical attention if

necessary.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes immediately. Wash extraneous

matter or contact region with soap and plenty of water immediately.

- Eye contact : Do not rub one's eyes. Immediately flush eyes with water continuously for

at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

A battery cell and spilled internal cell materials

- Ingestion: Wash out mouth thoroughly. Do not make the victim vomit, unless

instructed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

For molding case

- Inhalation : If fumes are inhaled, remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult,

get medical attention.

- Ingestion : This product does not show significant acute toxicity. Get medical

attention if considerable amounts of this product are ingested.



^{*2} The letter M means transition metal and candidates of M are Co, Mn, Ni and Al. One compound includes one or more of these metals and one product includes one or more of the compounds. The letter m and n means the number of atoms.

- Skin contact: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water after contact with

processing vapors and fumes. Immediately cool contaminated skin with

water and get medical attention after contact with molten resin.

- Eye contact : Flush the eyes with plenty of water without rubbing the eyes with hands.

Get medical attention if irritation persists.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURE

For cell

- Suitable extinguishing media : Plenty of water, carbon dioxide gas, nitrogen gas, chemical

powder fire extinguishing medium, and fire foam.

- Specific hazards : Corrosive gas may be emitted during fire.

- Specific methods of fire-fighting: When the battery burns with other combustibles simultaneously,

take fire-extinguishing method which corresponds to the combustibles. Extinguish a fire from the windward as much as

possible.

- Special protective equipment for firefighters: Refer to Section 8 -EXPOSURE CONTROLS /

PERSONAL PROTECTION (WHEN THE ELECTROLYTE

LEAKS)

For molding case

- Special firefighting procedures : This product is a combustible thermoplastic material which will

melt and drip when ignited and gives off combustion product

mainly consisting of carbon dioxide carbon monoxide.

Formation of traces of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, acids, phenol and phenol derivatives may occur. Fire-men have to wear self-containing breathing apparatus.

- Extinguishing media: Water spray or other Class A extinguishing agent.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spilled internal cell materials, such as electrolyte leaked from a battery cell, are carefully dealt with according to the followings.

- Precautions for human body: Remove spilled materials with protective equipment (refer to

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL

PROTECTION (WHEN THE ELECTROLYTE LEAKS)). Do not inhale the gas as much as possible. Moreover, avoid touching

with as much as possible.

- Environmental precautions : Do not throw out into the environment.

- Method of cleaning up: The spilled solids are put into a container. The leaked place is

wiped off with dry cloth.

- Prevention of secondary hazards: Avoid re-scattering. Do not bring the collected materials close to

fire.



In general for molding case

Sweep or gather up product and place in proper container for disposal or recovery. Do not discard in sewers or waterways because fish may eat pallets, resulting in obstruction of their digestive tracts.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling suggestions

For cell

- Do not connect the positive terminal to the negative terminal with electrical wire or chain.
- Avoid polarity reverse connection when installing the battery to an instrument.
- Do not wet the battery with water, seawater, drink or acid; or expose to strong oxidizer.
- Do not damage or remove the battery case.
- Keep the battery away from heat and fire.
- Do not disassemble or reconstruct the battery; or solder the battery directly.
- Do not give a mechanical shock or deform.
- Do not use unauthorized charger or other charging method. Terminate charging when the charging process doesn't end within specified time.
- In the case of charging, use only dedicated charger or charge according to the conditions specified by IDX.

For molding case

Avoid breathing processing fumes and vapors. Processing fumes and vapors may cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation, and in case of overexposure, nausea and headache. Clean dust form cutting and sanding operation to prevent its accumulation, since it may cause spark due to statics electricity or dust explosion. Properly ground air transportation lines including hoppers, bad filters to prevent accumulation of static electricity.

- Storage

For cell

- Do not store the battery with metalware, water, seawater, strong acid or strong oxidizer.
- Make the charge amount less than or equal to 50% then store at -20 \sim 40 degree C in a dry (humidity: 45 \sim 85%) place.
- Since deterioration will be faster in the high temperature range than in the low temperature range, so do not keep it in the high temperature range beyond the period that is specified by the seller or owner.
- Use insulative and adequately strong packaging material to prevent short circuit between positive and negative terminal when the packaging breaks during normal handling. Do not use conductive or easy to break packaging material.

For molding case

Store this product in place not subject to direct sunlight or elevated temperatures or where there are no ignition sources. Take measures to prevent an accident due to static electricity from occurring.



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION (WHEN THE ELECTROLYTE LEAKS)

For cell

- Control parameters : ACGIH has not been mentioned control parameter of electrolyte.

- Personal protective equipment.

·Respiratory protection: Respirator with air cylinder, dust mask.

·Hand protection : Protective gloves.

• Eye protection : Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid splashes.

·Skin and body protection :Working clothes with long sleeve and long trousers.

For molding case

- Personal protections

·Respiratory protection: Avoid breathing dust, vapors or fumes.

Use NIOSH/OSHA approved respiratory protection equipment(full

facepiece recommended) when airborne exposure limits are exceeded.

• Eye protection : Does not cause significant eye irritation or eye toxicity requiring special

protection, except when in molten state. Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye irritation. Where there is significant potential for eye

contact, wear appropriate eye protection and have eye flushing

equipment available.

·Skin protection: Does not present a significant skin concern requiring special protection at

room temperature. Minimize skin contamination by following good

industrial hygiene practice. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause skin irritation. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after contact with processing vapors or fumes. Wear

rubber glove when handling molten resin.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

For cell

- Appearance

Physical stat : Solid.Form : Cylindrical.

·Color : Metallic color(without tube if it has tube).

·Odor: No odor.

For molding case

- Appearance : Pellet.

Boiling point : Not applicable.



- flash point : > 520°C- Ignition point : > 550°C

Vapor pressure : Not applicable. Melting point : Not applicable.

- Specific gravity: 1.2

- Oxidizability: None under normal handling conditions.

Flammability: combustible.
Explosion Limit: Not applicable.
Solubility in water: Insoluble.
Odor: None.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

For cell

- Stability: Normally stable unless a strong shock is applied or heated strongly.

- Possibility of hazardous reactions: Damage to the container may cause leakage of contents.

Contents may leak or ignite due to temperature rise.

- Conditions to avoid: Crushing or deformation, use and storage at 80 degree C or higher or at

high humidity. Usage at a voltage or a current outside the rating and

external short circuit.

- Incompatible materials: Conductive material such as water or metal pieces. Oxidizing agent such

as bleach.

- Hazardous decomposition products : Acrid or harmful gas is emitted during fire.

For molding case

- Thermal decomposition: Decomposition begins at 380°C.

Reactivity with water : none.Self-reactivity : none.

- Hazardous decomposition products : Smoldering or incomplete combustion leads to the formation of

toxic gas mixture such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and traces of

aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, acids, phenol and

phenol derivatives.

- Hazardous reaction : No hazardous reaction observed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

For cell

Organic Electrolyte

- Acute toxicity: LD₅₀, oral - Rat 2,000mg/kg or more.

- Irritating nature : Irritative to skin and eye.

For molding case

- Skin corrosivity, Irritation: None



- Acute Toxicity, Sub-acute toxicity, Chronic Toxicity, Mutagenic effects: Not known
- Carcinogenic effects: IARC group 3 (not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

For cell

- Persistence / degradability : Since a battery cell and the internal materials remain in the environment, do not bury or throw out into the environment.

For molding case

Relevant information is not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Recommended methods for safe and environmentally preferred disposal :

Product (waste from residues)

Specified collection or disposal of lithium ion battery is required by the law like as "battery control law" in several nations. Collection or recycle of the battery is mainly imposed on battery's manufacturer or importer in the nations recycle is required.

Contaminated packaging

Neither a container nor packing is contaminated during normal use. When internal materials leaked from a battery cells contaminates, dispose as industrial wastes subject to special control.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In the case of transportation, avoid exposure to high temperature and prevent the formation of any condensation. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles and wet by rain. The container must be handled carefully. Do not give shocks that result in a mark of hitting on a batteries. Please refer to Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE also.

UN classification

- UN Number and proper shipping name:

UN3480 "Lithium ion batteries" [or UN3481 "Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment" or UN3481 "Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment"].

[Watt-hour rating is excess of 160Wh]

CUE-D300, DUO-C198, DUO-C190:

Class9 Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 1A)

Packing group 2

Cargo Aircraft Only

Not permitted spare batteries in carry-on baggage.



[Watt-hour rating is excess of 100Wh but not exceeding 160Wh]

IPL-150, DUO-C150, DUO-150, CUE-D150:

Class9 Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 1A)

Packing group 2

Cargo Aircraft Only

Maximum of two spare batteries in carry-on baggage only.

[Watt-hour rating is not more than 100Wh]

IPL-98,DUO-C98,DUO-C95,DUO-95,CUE-D95,CUE-D75,E-HL10DS,SB-U98,SB-U50,SL-F50,SL-F70,SL-VBD96,SL-VBD64,SSL-JVC75,SSL-JVC50,NP-9X,SB-U98/PD,SB-U50/PD:

Class9 Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 1B)

Cargo Aircraft Only

Exempted Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 2) is 2 batteries per one packaging.

UN Specification packaging is not required. Packaging must be test for 1.2m drop test.

Maximum of 20 spare batteries in carry-on baggage only.

All IDX Li-ion batteries have Wh rating marked on notation.

Batteries capacity is must be transport at a state of charge(SoC) not exceeding 30% of the their rated capacity.

* Although this product meets the criteria of "dangerous goods" and are classified "lithium ion batteries", depending on the battery's total capacity in the packaging, etc., they may not be subject to the fully regulated provisions.

Regulation depends on region and transportation mode

- Worldwide, Air transportation:

ICAO/IATA-DGR [packing instruction 965 section 1A, Section 1B] (when shipping batteries "packed with" or "contained in" equipment, use packing instruction 966 or 967 as appropriate.)

- Worldwide, Ocean transportation: IMO-IMDG Code [special provision 188]

- Europe, Ground transportation : ADR [special provision 188]

* Instructions or provision in the box brackets are conditions to make the battery cell exempted from full regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulations specifically applicable to the product:
 US Department of Transportation 49 Code of Federal Regulations [USA]
 Wastes Disposal and Public Cleaning Law [Japan]
 Law for Promotion of Effective Utilization of resources [Japan]



16. OTHER INFORMATION

- The information contained in this Safety data sheet is based on the present sate of knowledge and current legislation.
- This safety data sheet provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.
- IDX makes no warranty, expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. IDX assumes no responsibility for injury from the use to the product described herein.

- Reference

Dangerous Goods Regulations – 64th Edition Effective from 1 January 2023: International Air Transport Association (IATA)

IMDG Code -2022 Edition: International Maritime Organization(IMO)

The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

-2021:The United Nations Economic Commission for Europe(UNECE)

MSDS of raw materials prepared by the manufactures

27th edition: January 1, 2023

Prepared and approved by Research and Development Division IDX Company, Ltd.

